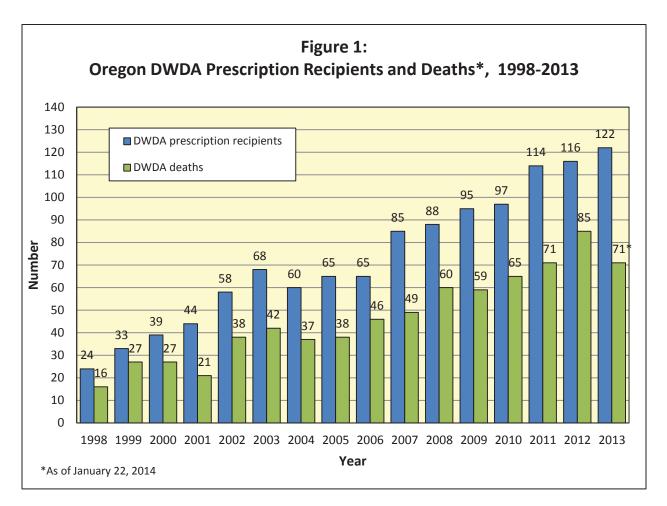
Oregon's Death with Dignity Act--2013

Oregon's Death with Dignity Act (DWDA), enacted in late 1997, allows terminallyill adult Oregonians to obtain and use prescriptions from their physicians for selfadministered, lethal doses of medications. The Oregon Public Health Division is required by the Act to collect information on compliance and to issue an annual report. The key findings from 2013 are listed below. The number of people for whom DWDA prescriptions were written (DWDA prescription recipients) and deaths that occurred as a result of ingesting prescribed DWDA medications (DWDA deaths) reported in this summary are based on paperwork and death certificates received by the Oregon Public Health Division as of January 22, 2014. For more detail, please view the figures and tables on our web site: <u>http://www.healthoregon.org/dwd</u>.



- As of January 22, 2014, prescriptions for lethal medications were written for 122 people during 2013 under the provisions of the DWDA, compared to 116 during 2012 (Figure 1). At the time of this report, there were 71 known DWDA deaths during 2013. This corresponds to 21.9 DWDA deaths per 10,000 total deaths.¹
- Since the law was passed in 1997, a total of 1,173 people have had DWDA prescriptions written and 752 patients have died from ingesting medications prescribed under the DWDA.
- Of the 122 patients for whom DWDA prescriptions were written during 2013, 63 (51.6%) ingested and died from the medication. Eight (8) patients with prescriptions written during the previous years (2011 and 2012) died after ingesting the medication during 2013, for a total of 71 DWDA deaths.
- Twenty-eight (28) of the 122 patients who received DWDA prescriptions during 2013 did not take the medications and subsequently died of other causes.
- Ingestion status is unknown for 31 patients who were prescribed DWDA medications in 2013. Seven (7) of these patients died, but follow-up questionnaires indicating ingestion status have not yet been received. For the remaining 24 patients, both death and ingestion status are pending (Figure 2).
- Of the 71 DWDA deaths during 2013, most (69.0%) were aged 65 years or older; the median age was 71 years (42 years 96 years). As in previous years, most were white (94.4%), well-educated (53.5% had a least a baccalaureate degree), and had cancer (64.8%). In 2013, fewer patients had cancer (64.8%) compared to previous years (80.4%), and more patients had chronic lower respiratory disease (9.9%), and other underlying illnesses (16.9%).
- Most (97.2%) DWDA patients died at home, and most (85.7%) were enrolled in hospice care either at the time the DWDA prescription was written or at the time of death. Excluding unknown cases, most (96.7%) had some form of

¹ The rate per 10,000 deaths is calculated using the total number of Oregon resident deaths in 2012 (32,475), the most recent year for which final death data are available.

health care insurance. The number of patients who had private insurance (43.5%) was lower in 2013 than in previous years (64.7%), and the number of patients who had only Medicare or Medicaid insurance was higher than in previous years (53.2% compared to 33.7%).

- As in previous years, the three most frequently mentioned end-of-life concerns were: loss of autonomy (93.0%), decreasing ability to participate in activities that made life enjoyable (88.7%), and loss of dignity (73.2%).
- Two of the 71 DWDA patients who died during 2013 were referred for formal psychiatric or psychological evaluation.
- Prescribing physicians were present at the time of death for eight patients (11.4%) during 2013 compared to 16.5% in previous years.
- A procedure revision was made mid-year in 2010 to standardize reporting on the follow-up questionnaire. The new procedure accepts information about the time of death and circumstances surrounding death only when the physician or another health care provider was present at the time of death. Due to this change, data on time from ingestion to death is available for 11 of the 71 DWDA deaths during 2013. Among those 11 patients, time from ingestion until death ranged from 5 minutes to 5.6 hours.
- Sixty-two (62) physicians wrote the 122 prescriptions provided during 2013 (range 1-10 prescriptions per physician).
- During 2013, no referrals were made to the Oregon Medical Board for failure to comply with DWDA requirements.

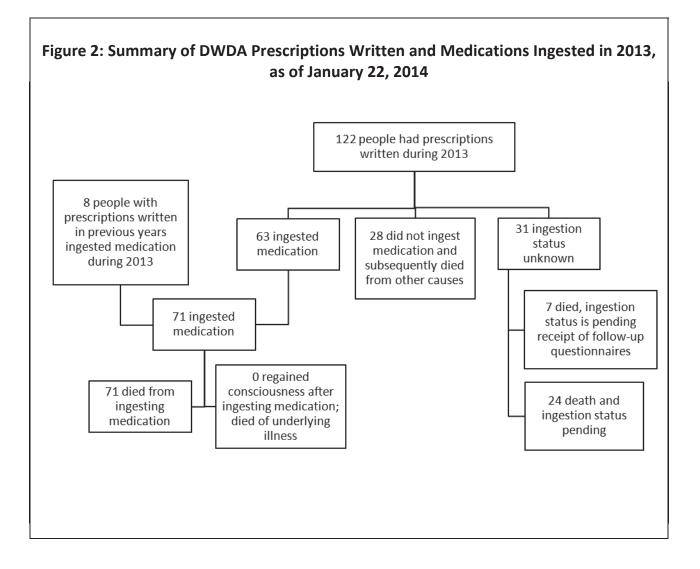


Table 1. Characteristics and End-of-life Care of 752 DWDA Patients who Died from Ingesting a Lethal Dose	
of Medication as of January 17, 2014, Oregon, 1998-2013	

Characteristics	2013 (N=71)	1998-2012 (N=681)	Total (N=752)
	N (%) ¹	N (%) ¹	
Sex		. ,	N (%) ¹
Male (%)	44 (62.0)	352 (51.7)	396 (52.7)
Female (%)	27 (38.0)	329 (48.3)	356 (47.3)
19.24 (%)	0 (0 0)	E (0,0)	C (0.8)
18-34 (%)	0 (0.0)	6 (0.9)	6 (0.8)
35-44 (%) 45-54 (%)	<u> </u>	15 (2.2) 52 (7.6)	16 (2.1) 58 (7.7)
43-54 (%) 55-64 (%)	15 (21.1)	141 (20.7)	156 (20.7)
65-74 (%)	23 (32.4)	194 (28.5)	217 (28.9)
75-84 (%)	17 (23.9)	189 (27.8)	217 (28.3)
85+ (%)	9 (12.7)	84 (12.3)	93 (12.4)
Median years (range)	71 (42-96)	71 (25-96)	71 (25-96)
ace	71 (42-90)	71 (25-90)	/1 (25-90)
White (%)	67 (94.4)	662 (97.6)	729 (97.3)
African American (%)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
American Indian (%)	1 (1.4)	1 (0.1)	2 (0.3)
Asian (%)	0 (0.0)	8 (1.2)	8 (1.1)
Pacific Islander (%)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
Other (%)	1 (1.4)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.1)
Two or more races (%)	2 (2.8)	0 (0.0)	2 (0.3)
Hispanic (%)	0 (0.0)	5 (0.7)	5 (0.7)
Unknown	0 (0.0)	3	3
Aarital Status	0	3	5
	26 (50.7)	210 (45 7)	246 (46 2)
Married (%) ²	36 (50.7)	310 (45.7)	346 (46.2)
Widowed (%)	13 (18.3)	158 (23.3)	171 (22.8)
Never married (%)	8 (11.3)	55 (8.1)	63 (8.4)
Divorced (%) Unknown	14 (19.7) 0	155 (22.9) <i>3</i>	169 (22.6) <i>3</i>
ducation	0	3	3
Less than high school (%)	2 (2.8)	42 (6.2)	44 (5.9)
High school graduate (%)	10 (14.1)	154 (22.8)	164 (22.0)
Some college (%)	21 (29.6)	177 (26.2)	198 (26.5)
Baccalaureate or higher (%)	38 (53.5)	303 (44.8)	341 (45.6)
Unknown	0	5	5
lesidence	0	5	
	25 (25 2)	200 (42 C)	214 (41.0)
Metro counties (%) ³	25 (35.2)	289 (42.6)	314 (41.9)
Coastal counties (%)	5 (7.0)	51 (7.5)	56 (7.5)
Other western counties (%)	33 (46.5)	292 (43.1)	325 (43.4)
East of the Cascades (%)	8 (11.3) 0	46 (6.8) <i>3</i>	54 (7.2)
Unknown nd of life care	0	3	3
Hospice		F00 (00 F)	
Enrolled (%) ⁴	60 (85.7)	593 (90.5)	653 (90.1)
Not enrolled (%)	10 (14.3)	62 (9.5)	72 (9.9)
Unknown	1	26	27
Insurance			
Private (%) ⁵	27 (43.5)	424 (64.7)	451 (62.9)
Medicare, Medicaid or Other Governmental (%)	33 (53.2)	221 (33.7)	254 (35.4)
None (%)	2 (3.2)	10 (1.5)	12 (1.7)
Unknown	9	26	35

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Characteristics	2013	1998-2012	Total
Characteristics	(N=71)	(N=681)	(N=752)
Inderlying illness	AC (CA 8)	E 4 E (90 4)	E01 (79 0)
Malignant neoplasms (%) Lung and bronchus (%)	46 (64.8) 10 (14.1)	545 (80.4) 129 (19.0)	591 (78.9) 139 (18.6)
Breast (%)	10 (14.1)	56 (8.3)	57 (7.6)
Colon (%)	6 (8.5)	43 (6.3)	49 (6.5)
Pancreas (%)	2 (2.8)	45 (6.6)	49 (0.3)
Prostate (%)	2 (2.8)	31 (4.6)	33 (4.4)
Ovary (%)	1 (1.4)	27 (4.0)	28 (3.7)
Other (%)	24 (33.8)	214 (31.6)	238 (31.8)
Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (%)	<u> </u>	49 (7.2)	54 (7.2)
Chronic lower respiratory disease (%)	7 (9.9)	27 (4.0)	34 (4.5)
Heart Disease (%)	1 (1.4)	13 (1.9)	14 (1.9)
HIV/AIDS (%)	0 (0.0)	9 (1.3)	9 (1.2)
Other illnesses (%) ⁶	12 (16.9)	35 (5.2)	47 (6.3)
Unknown	0	3	3
DWDA process	2 /2 0	42 (6 2)	
Referred for psychiatric evaluation (%)	2 (2.8)	42 (6.2)	44 (5.9)
Patient informed family of decision (%) ⁷	62 (91.2)	570 (93.9)	632 (93.8)
Patient died at			
Home (patient, family or friend) (%)	69 (97.2)	645 (95.1)	714 (95.3)
Long term care, assisted living or foster care facility (%)	2 (2.8)	27 (4.0)	29 (3.9)
Hospital (%)	0 (0.0)	1 (0.1)	1 (0.1)
Other (%)	0 (0.0)	5 (0.7)	5 (0.7)
Unknown	0	3	3
Lethal medication			
Secobarbital (%)	7 (9.9)	396 (58.1)	403 (53.6)
Pentobarbital (%)	64 (90.1)	278 (40.8)	342 (45.5)
Other (%) ⁸	0 (0.0)	7 (1.0)	7 (0.9)
End of life concerns ⁹	(N=71)	(N=677)	(N=748)
Losing autonomy (%)	66 (93.0)	618 (91.3)	684 (91.4)
Less able to engage in activities making life enjoyable (%)	63 (88.7)	602 (88.9)	665 (88.9)
Loss of dignity (%) ¹⁰	52 (73.2)	452 (81.9)	504 (80.9)
Losing control of bodily functions (%)	26 (36.6)	350 (51.7)	376 (50.3)
Burden on family, friends/caregivers (%)	35 (49.3)	264 (39.0)	299 (40.0)
Inadequate pain control or concern about it (%)	20 (28.2)	157 (23.2)	177 (23.7)
Financial implications of treatment (%)	4 (5.6)	18 (2.7)	22 (2.9)
Health-care provider present ¹¹	(N=71)	(N=611)	(N=682)
When medication was ingested ¹²	(((
Prescribing physician	8	111	119
Other provider, prescribing physician not present	3	235	238
No provider	3	73	76
Unknown	57	192	249
At time of death	57	152	245
Prescribing physician (%)	8 (11.4)	99 (16.5)	107 (16.0)
Other provider, prescribing physician not present (%)	5 (7.1)	258 (43.1)	263 (39.3)
No provider (%)	57 (81.4)	238 (43.1)	203 (39.3) 299 (44.7)
Unknown	1	242 (40.4)	299 (44.7) 13
Complications ¹²	(N=71)	(N=681)	(N=752)
Regurgitated	0	22	22
Seizures	0	0	0
Other	1	0	1
None	10	477	487
Unknown	59	182	241
Other outcomes			
Regained consciousness after ingesting DWDA medications ¹³	0	6	6
Regained consciousness after ingesting DWDA medications ¹³	0	6	6

http://public.health.oregon.gov/ProviderPartnerResources/EvaluationResearch/DeathwithDignityAct/Documents/year16.pdf

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naracteristics	2013 (N=71)	1998-2012 (N=681)	Total (N=752)
ming of DWDA event			
Duration (weeks) of patient-physician relationship ¹⁴			
Median	13	12	12
Range	1-719	0-1905	0-1905
Number of patients with information available	71	679	750
Number of patients with information unknown	0	2	2
Duration (days) between 1st request and death			
Median	52	46	47
Range	15-692	15-1009	15-1009
Number of patients with information available	71	681	752
Number of patients with information unknown	0	0	0
Minutes between ingestion and unconsciousness ¹¹			
Median	5	5	5
Range	2-25	1-38	1-38
Number of patients with information available	11	476	487
Number of patients with information unknown	60	205	265
Minutes between ingestion and death ¹¹			
Median	15	25	25
Range (minutes - hours)	5min-5.6hrs	1min-104hrs	1min-104hrs
Number of patients with information available	11	481	492
Number of patients with information unknown	60	200	260

1 Unknowns are excluded when calculating percentages.

2 Includes Oregon Registered Domestic Partnerships.

3 Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington counties.

4 Includes patients that were enrolled in hospice at the time the prescription was written or at time of death.

5 Private insurance category includes those with private insurance alone or in combination with other insurance.

- 6 Includes deaths due to benign and uncertain neoplasms, other respiratory diseases, diseases of the nervous system (including multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Huntington's disease), musculoskeletal and connective tissue diseases, viral hepatitis, diabetes mellitus, cerebrovascular disease, and alcoholic liver disease.
- 7 First recorded beginning in 2001. Since then, 31 patients (4.6%) have chosen not to inform their families, and 12 patients (1.8%) have had no family to inform. There was one unknown case in 2002, two in 2005, one in 2009, and three in 2013.
- 8 Other includes combinations of secobarbital, pentobarbital, and/or morphine.
- 9 Affirmative answers only ("Don't know" included in negative answers). Categories are not mutually exclusive. Data unavailable for four patients in 2001.
- ¹⁰ First asked in 2003. Data available for all 71 patients in 2013, 552 patients between 1998-2012, and 623 patients for all years.
- ¹¹ The data shown are for 2001-2013 since information about the presence of a health care provider/volunteer, in the absence of the prescribing physician, was first collected in 2001.
- 12 A procedure revision was made mid-year in 2010 to standardize reporting on the follow-up questionnaire. The new procedure accepts information about time of death and circumstances surrounding death only when the physician or another health care provider is present at the time of death. This resulted in a larger number of unknowns beginning in 2010.
- ¹³ There have been a total of six patients who regained consciousness after ingesting prescribed lethal medications. These patients are not included in the total number of DWDA deaths. These deaths occurred in 2005 (1 death), 2010 (2 deaths), 2011 (2 deaths) and 2012 (1 death). Please refer to the appropriate years' annual reports on our website (http://www.healthoregon.org/dwd) for more detail on these deaths.
- Previous reports listed 20 records missing the date care began with the attending physician. Further research with these cases has reduced the number of unknowns.